

Hall Family Foundation

Financial Report
December 31, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

Audit Committee
Hall Family Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hall Family Foundation (the Foundation), which comprise the statement of financial position—modified cash basis as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related statements of activities and changes in net assets—modified cash basis for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets for the years then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1 and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

RSM US LLP

Kansas City, Missouri
December 12, 2025

Hall Family Foundation

Statements of Financial Position—Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,104,618	\$ 23,924,294
Investments, at fair value	1,019,664,656	998,596,313
Investment funds receivable	-	9,196,622
Stock fund income receivable	24,880	-
Other assets	3,496,787	673,511
	<u>3,496,787</u>	<u>673,511</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,085,290,941</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,390,740</u>
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 2, 4 and 5)		
Net assets:		
Fund balance	\$ 644,020,264	\$ 667,575,728
Net unrealized gains on investments	441,270,677	364,815,012
	<u>441,270,677</u>	<u>364,815,012</u>
Total net assets without donor restrictions	<u>\$ 1,085,290,941</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,390,740</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Hall Family Foundation

Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets—Modified Cash Basis Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Net investment income	<u>\$ 101,426,491</u>	<u>\$ 86,164,997</u>
Expenditures:		
Grants	<u>45,426,449</u>	<u>53,005,934</u>
Operating expenditures:		
Charitable	<u>2,274,841</u>	<u>1,909,935</u>
Total operating expenditures	<u>2,274,841</u>	<u>1,909,935</u>
Excise taxes paid	<u>825,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	<u>48,526,290</u>	<u>54,915,869</u>
Increase in net assets without donor restrictions	52,900,201	31,249,128
Net assets:		
Beginning	<u>1,032,390,740</u>	<u>1,001,141,612</u>
Ending	<u>\$ 1,085,290,941</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,390,740</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations: Hall Family Foundation (the Foundation) is a private foundation dedicated to purposes that are strictly charitable, educational, scientific, religious, literary, benevolent and philanthropic. The Foundation was established in 1943 by Joyce C. Hall; his wife, Elizabeth Ann Hall; and his brother, Rollie B. Hall (the Founders). As outlined in the original bylaws, the Founders intended that the Foundation should promote the health, welfare and happiness of school-age children; the advancement and diffusion of knowledge; activities for the improvement of public health; and the advancement of social welfare.

The Foundation's mission statement reads: The Hall Family Foundation is a private philanthropic organization dedicated to enhancing the quality of human life. Programs that enrich the community, help people and promote excellence are considered to be of prime importance. The Foundation views its critical function as that of a catalyst. It seeks to be responsible to programs which are innovative yet strive to create permanent solutions to community needs in the greater Kansas City area. In keeping with the Founders' mission, the Foundation concentrates its philanthropic efforts in five areas of interest in the greater Kansas City area: (1) children, youth and families, (2) education, (3) the arts, (4) community development and (5) additional interests. The Foundation provides contributions to charitable organizations that qualify as tax-exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Significant accounting policies:

Basis of accounting: The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when received rather than when earned, and contributions and expenses are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. Exceptions from the modified cash basis are as follows:

- The Foundation reports its investments at fair value, using the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), rather than at cost.
- Income earned related to the stock fund investment is recorded when earned rather than when received, recording income when required for tax purposes.
- Distributions from certain investments that are authorized before year-end but for which cash is not received until after year-end are recorded as investment funds receivable.

The modified cash basis of accounting differs from U.S. GAAP in the following significant respects: (a) the Foundation's obligations for contributions to be paid in future years, as discussed in Notes 4 and 5, are recognized when paid rather than being recorded as obligations when approved by the governing body, (b) the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement, discussed in Note 5, is not recorded in the financial statements, (c) the fair values of the rent-free space and services provided to the Foundation, as described in Note 6, are not recorded as contribution revenue and operating expenses, (d) nonfinancial contributions made are recorded at the Foundation's cost, rather than fair value, (e) no liability would be recorded for uncertain tax positions, if any, in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance on uncertain tax positions, (f) income (other than that related to the stock fund investment and investment funds receivable) and expenses are recognized when received or paid rather than when earned or incurred, and as such, no related prepaids, or payables are recognized and (g) the Foundation does not include property and equipment in the accompanying financial statements as such costs are expensed when paid under the modified cash basis of accounting utilized by the Foundation.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Foundation's basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents: The Foundation considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market funds.

Investments and investment return: All investments having a readily determinable fair value are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. Investments without readily available market prices consist of limited partnerships, limited liability companies (LLCs) and other nonreadily marketable investments. The Foundation establishes their value based on information gathered from the investees, including audited financial statements and other reports provided by the investees. For more information on the valuation of investments, see Notes 2 and 3.

Net investment income (loss) includes dividend, interest and other investment income, realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, and investment custodian and manager fees and is reflected in the statements of activities and changes in net assets—modified cash basis as without donor restriction. The stock fund income receivable represents the fourth-quarter income distribution due to the Foundation from its equity partnership interests, as required for tax purposes.

Investments, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the risk inherent in certain investment vehicles, it is possible that changes in their risk profile could occur in the near term and those changes could materially affect the value of those investments reported in the statements of financial position—modified cash basis.

Investment funds receivable: Distributions from certain investments that are authorized before year-end but for which cash is not received until after year-end are recorded as investment funds receivable.

Expenses: Expenses are recognized when paid.

Fair value of financial instruments: Financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, investments and income receivable. The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents and income receivable approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Foundation's estimate of the fair value of investments is further described in Notes 2 and 3.

Income taxes: The Foundation is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. As a private foundation, it is subject to federal excise tax at the rate of 1.39% on net investment income for each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. The excise tax liabilities are approximately \$934,000 and \$836,000 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are not recorded on the statements of financial position—modified cash basis due to the modified cash basis of accounting followed by the Foundation. As of December 31, 2024, approximately \$48,333,000 of undistributed income remains, which is required and expected to be distributed in 2025.

Net asset classification: Any contributions or grants received are recorded as with or without donor restrictions depending on the existence or nature of any donor purpose restrictions or time restrictions. Contributions with donor restrictions are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions are met in the same reporting period that the contribution was received. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, all of the net assets of the Foundation were without donor restrictions.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Investments

The historical cost and current fair value of investments at December 31, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Treasury inflation-protected securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,347,672	\$ 71,175,110
Mutual funds:				
Non-U.S. equities	35,073,803	38,522,080	11,623,674	9,558,243
Fixed-income securities	119,087,106	131,511,239	60,087,106	64,888,791
Stocks:				
Exchange-traded equities	-	-	24,752,658	25,862,904
Common trust funds:				
Non-U.S. equities	68,071,697	72,211,078	66,680,236	72,434,921
Limited partnerships and limited liability companies:				
Marketable:				
U.S. equities	13,774,737	185,634,153	31,779,153	180,781,614
Non-U.S. equities	72,592,418	89,409,296	51,092,418	68,979,692
Global long/short equities	131,414,317	169,179,909	155,630,210	176,221,100
Absolute return strategies	24,916,305	29,024,283	33,227,228	35,599,164
Nonmarketable alternatives	113,463,596	304,172,618	122,560,945	293,094,774
Total limited partnerships and limited liability companies	356,161,373	777,420,259	394,289,954	754,676,344
	<u>\$ 578,393,979</u>	<u>\$ 1,019,664,656</u>	<u>\$ 633,781,300</u>	<u>\$ 998,596,313</u>

Investments are recorded on a trade-date basis at fair value. The fair values of the Treasury inflation-protected securities (TIPS), mutual funds, U.S. and non-U.S. equity stocks and real estate investment trusts are based primarily on quoted market prices. Mortgage-backed debt and asset-backed debt are valued using discounted cash flows or various pricing models.

The Foundation is invested in various common trust funds. Common trust funds permit the commingling or pooling of investors' money into one account (known as a common fund) for the purpose of creating a single investment. Because they are not a bank product, common trust funds are not required to be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and they are not considered to be a security under state and federal securities law. Much like mutual funds, common trust funds strike a net asset value (NAV) on a periodic basis and have varying investment strategies that primarily include investments in traditional assets, such as domestic and international equity, fixed income and other securities. The Foundation's investments in common trust funds may be redeemed at NAV on a daily or monthly basis, depending on the fund.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Investments (Continued)

The Foundation is invested directly in various credit-related instruments, including debt securities, instruments and obligations of U.S. and non-U.S. government, corporate and other nongovernmental entities and issuers, and preferred securities that include fixed-income features (e.g., payment of income distribution). These securities are actively managed by an external manager with an objective to generate income and long-term capital appreciation.

The Foundation may use futures contracts to manage its exposure to the securities markets, currency values, or commodities. Futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a security or other asset for a set price on a future date and are traded on an exchange. The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of the underlying asset and the prices of futures contracts and the possibility of an illiquid market. Futures contracts are valued based upon their quoted daily settlement prices and are marked to market daily and based on such movements in the price of the contracts. Upon entering into a futures contract, the Foundation is required to deposit with its futures broker an amount of cash, or cash equivalents, in accordance with the initial margin requirements of the broker or exchange.

The Foundation also owns interests in various limited partnerships and LLCs. These investments employ a number of strategies that utilize a variety of securities and financial instruments in sophisticated trading and portfolio management techniques. The fair value of the limited partnerships and LLCs has been estimated using the NAV per share of the investment. These assets include marketable and nonmarketable alternatives.

Limited partnerships and LLCs that are classified as marketable consist of equity investment pools, real asset category, fixed income, equity hedge funds (U.S. long/short, global long/short and sector-specific investments) and absolute return strategies (diversified arbitrage, distressed investment and convertible arbitrage). Fair value has been estimated using the NAV per share of the investment. These investments are typically redeemable at NAV on a monthly or annual basis, depending on the respective investment agreement. However, it is possible that these redemption rights may be restricted, suspended or eliminated by the funds in the future in accordance with the underlying fund agreements. Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions and the economic environment may significantly impact the NAV of the funds and, consequently, the fair value of the Foundation's interests in the funds.

Nonmarketable alternatives are limited partnerships and LLCs invested in various venture capital, hard assets, and distressed and private equity partnerships. Fair value has been estimated using the NAV per share of the investment. Each fund operates in accordance with the terms of a limited partnership agreement and continues to operate year to year, until dissolved in accordance with the agreements. There are significant restrictions on the transfer and assignment of these interests. Distributions from each fund are received as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. The Foundation estimates that the underlying assets of the funds will be liquidated over the next one to 15 years. Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active, and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported NAV. It is, therefore, reasonably possible that if the Foundation were to sell these investments in the secondary market, a buyer may require a discount to the reported NAV, and the discount could be significant.

Outstanding capital commitments for the above-mentioned partnerships as of December 31, 2024, approximated \$132,703,400.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in its principal market, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the investment. The Foundation accounts for its investments at fair value. The Foundation has elected to report the fair value of certain NAV investments, primarily those included in other investments on the statements of financial position—modified cash basis, using the practical expedient. The practical expedient allows for the use of NAV, either as reported by the investee fund or as adjusted by the Foundation based on various factors, to be used to determine fair value, under certain conditions. The fair value of the investment is based on a combination of audited financial statements of the investees and monthly or quarterly statements received from the investees. In accordance with the guidance, the Foundation has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, which gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. These levels are as follows:

- Level 1:** Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments traded in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2:** Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable, or can be corroborated by, observable market data.
- Level 3:** Inputs are significant and unobservable and may reflect the Foundation's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Valuation techniques may include use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets (Continued)

The following tables present the fair value measurements and level within the fair value hierarchy of assets recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position—modified cash basis measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024				
	Fair Value Measurements Using				
	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Valued at Net Asset Value
Mutual funds:					
Non-U.S. equities	\$ 38,522,080	\$ 38,522,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fixed-income securities	131,511,239	5,697,607	113,649,612	12,164,020	-
Common trust funds:					
Non-U.S. equities	72,211,078	-	-	-	72,211,078
Limited partnerships and limited liability companies (Note 2):					
Marketable:					
U.S. equities	185,634,153	-	-	-	185,634,153
Non-U.S. equities	89,409,296	-	-	-	89,409,296
Global long/short equities	169,179,909	-	-	-	169,179,909
Absolute return strategies	29,024,283	-	-	-	29,024,283
Nonmarketable alternatives	304,172,618	-	-	-	304,172,618
Total limited partnerships and limited liability companies	777,420,259	-	-	-	777,420,259
	<u>\$ 1,019,664,656</u>	<u>\$ 44,219,687</u>	<u>\$ 113,649,612</u>	<u>\$ 12,164,020</u>	<u>\$ 849,631,337</u>

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets (Continued)

	2023				
	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using			
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Valued at Net Asset Value
Treasury inflation-protected securities	\$ 71,175,110	\$ 71,175,110	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Mutual funds:					
Non-U.S. equities	9,558,243	9,558,243	-	-	-
Fixed-income securities	64,888,791	3,303,113	45,174,450	16,411,228	-
Stocks:					
Exchange-traded equities	25,862,904	25,862,904	-	-	-
Common trust funds:					
Non-U.S. equities	72,434,921	-	-	-	72,434,921
Limited partnerships and limited liability companies (Note 2):					
Marketable:					
U.S. equities	180,781,614	-	-	-	180,781,614
Non-U.S. equities	68,979,692	-	-	-	68,979,692
Global long/short equities	176,221,100	-	-	-	176,221,100
Absolute return strategies	35,599,164	-	-	-	35,599,164
Nonmarketable alternatives	293,094,774	-	-	-	293,094,774
Total limited partnerships and limited liability companies	754,676,344	-	-	-	754,676,344
	<u>\$ 998,596,313</u>	<u>\$ 109,899,370</u>	<u>\$ 45,174,450</u>	<u>\$ 16,411,228</u>	<u>\$ 827,111,265</u>

There were no purchases or issuances of fixed-income securities, measured at Level 3, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The following is a summary of the market value techniques for ending balances of assets, measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

Instrument	Fair Value		Principal Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs
	2024	2023		
Fixed-income securities	\$ 12,164,020	\$ 16,411,228	Fair market value	Value of underlying assets

Note 4. Grant Commitments

As of December 31, 2024, the Foundation's Board of Directors has authorized grants to be paid in varying amounts and at various dates in future years of \$74,476,562, excluding commitments discussed in Note 5.

During 2024 and 2023, the Foundation made cash grants totaling \$1,500,000 and \$1,535,000, respectively, to the Nelson-Atkins Museum of Art.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Donation Agreement With the Nelson Gallery Foundation

In April 2004, the Foundation entered into a donation agreement with the Nelson Gallery Foundation (the Donee). Under the agreement, the Foundation is responsible for the payment of principal and interest on the \$60,000,000 Missouri Development Finance Board Cultural Facilities Revenue, Series 2004A Bonds (the Bonds), through periodic charitable donations to the Donee's agent. The primary use of the proceeds of the Bonds is to finance the costs of the Donee's Campus Enhancement Project (the Project). The Bonds are the third series of bonds issued by the Missouri Development Finance Board for purposes of financing the Project. The 2004A series is the only series under which the Foundation has any direct or indirect obligation for payment.

Any amendment (including termination) of the Bonds, the loan agreement or the bank agreement is subject to prior written consent of the Foundation. The Donee shall not cause or permit any of the Bonds to be called for redemption (other than a scheduled, mandatory sinking fund redemption or a special mandatory redemption, if any) without the prior written consent of the Foundation. In addition, the Donee must obtain prior written consent of the Foundation prior to changing the interest rate mode or replacing the agent on the Bonds.

Voluntary payments were made in 2012 and 2024 for \$3,000,000 and \$12,000,000, respectively. These voluntary payments reduced outstanding principal to \$45,000,000. No voluntary payments were made in 2023.

The Bonds bear interest at a variable rate that is based on the BMA Daily Index, payable monthly. The Foundation's obligation to pay donations to fund principal on the Bonds is subject to a mandatory sinking fund redemption. The payment schedule for the remaining principal is as follows:

	Principal Amount
2030	\$ 7,800,000
2031	12,000,000
2032	12,400,000
2033	12,800,000
	<u>\$ 45,000,000</u>

In connection with the donation agreement, the Foundation entered into a 10-year interest rate swap agreement in April 2004 that, in effect, fixed the interest on \$25,000,000 of the original \$60,000,000 obligation at the rate of 3.880% per annum. In December 2011, the Foundation renewed the swap contract for 15 years at a rate of 2.426% per annum. The semiannual payments under the swap agreement are due January 1 and July 1 of each year. The swap agreement expires in 2027. The fair value of the swap contract due to J.P. Morgan as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was \$223,414 and \$183,541, respectively.

All payments by the Foundation that are required under the donation and interest rate swap agreements will be reported for tax purposes as qualifying distributions. In the event the interest rate swap agreement causes payments to be received by the Foundation, these payments will result in adjustments to qualifying distributions for tax reporting purposes.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Related-Party Transactions

Historically, a department of Hallmark Cards, Inc. (Hallmark) provided personnel and rent-free space for the Foundation's operations. The administrative expenses associated with the personnel provided included salaries, benefits and other personnel costs. These expenses were reimbursed by the Foundation directly to Hallmark. During 1999, this department of Hallmark was incorporated as Chinquapin Trust Company (Chinquapin). Since the incorporation of Chinquapin, it has provided the rent-free space and personnel needed to carry out the Foundation's charitable purposes. The administrative expenses are reimbursed, at actual cost, quarterly by the Foundation to Chinquapin, which in turn reimburses Hallmark. Expenses related to administrative services paid to Chinquapin for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, were \$1,876,717 and \$1,643,583, respectively.

Note 7. Concentration of Grants

The Foundation awards grants primarily to organizations in the greater Kansas City area that focus on children, youth and families, education, the arts, community development and additional interests. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Foundation contributed a total of \$19,335,808 and \$18,000,000, respectively, to two and three organizations, respectively, which represents approximately 43% and 34%, respectively, of total grant expenditures.

Note 8. Liquidity

The Foundation regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its annual operating needs and other contractual commitments while also striving to maximize the return on investment of its funds not required for annual operations. The table below represents the Foundation's financial assets available to meet annual operating needs of the upcoming fiscal years:

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,104,618	\$ 23,924,294
Receivables and other assets	3,521,667	9,870,133
Estimated investments maturing within one year available for general purposes	779,575,539	738,644,439
	845,201,824	772,438,866
Less grant commitments due in one year or less	(6,509,667)	(9,724,801)
	<u>\$ 838,692,157</u>	<u>\$ 762,714,065</u>

The Foundation has various sources of liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents, marketable debt and equity securities, common trust funds, limited partnerships and LLCs. See Note 2 for information about the Foundation's investment holdings.

Principal and interest on programmatic investments and program loans which are included in other assets on the statements of financial position—modified cash basis, are not included in the analysis as those amounts are used solely to make new loans and are, therefore, not available to meet current operating needs.

Hall Family Foundation

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Sublease Agreement

In October 2019, the Foundation entered into a no-cost option for a building located in mid-town Kansas City. Under this sublease arrangement, the Foundation steps in as Sublandlord and acts as a pass-through by collecting rental payments from the subtenant and remitting the same rental payments to the landlord on a monthly basis through the life of the lease ending March 2028. Monthly rents are fixed at \$10,000 per month. Subsequent to this arrangement, a rent deferral agreement was entered into for the period June 2020 to November 2020 allowing for 75% of the rent for the first three months (June, July and August) to be deferred and 50% of the rent for the second three months (September, October and November) to be deferred and repaid over the remaining term of the sublease, beginning January 1, 2021. The balance of the deferred rent payments at December 31, 2024, is \$16,810. Effective January 1, 2021, the adjusted monthly rents are \$10,431 per month.

Subsequent to year-end and as of October 31, 2025, this lease has been terminated. All deferred rent and current rent has been paid to the Foundation as of October 22, 2025. The property has been vacated as of October 31, 2025.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 12, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The Foundation plans to make a voluntary prepayment on the bonds discussed in Note 5 in the amount of \$6,000,000 in December 2025.

Subsequent to year-end, the Board approved to execute the purchase option of approximately \$1.8 million for the building at 3129 Main Street with the target of completing closing by fall 2025. There are no formal purchase documents signed as of the date of this report, but it is the Foundation's intention to execute the purchase option.